

## **The commons - Ethical governance and Covid 19**

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At all times, the analysis of its environment, the vision of its future and the means to achieve it have been the subject of research, methods and sometimes tools.

Nowadays, whether in terms of geopolitical influence, commercial competition, technological developments as well as national security, multiple threats to which we were not used are appearing.

At the same time, the development of liberal or neoliberal democracies has placed profit at the forefront of the challenges of large companies, and even of the states, increasing both financial and geographic inequalities demonstrated in particular by the dichotomy between cities and countryside and therefore inexorably human.

In this context, the commons or "commons" which were reinforced in the period of the Thirty Glorious Years made it possible to secure populations by ensuring them both psychological and material comfort. However, the development of the neo-liberalism which followed placed profit at the center of the concerns of political and economic actors. Thus inequalities have increased and "commons" instead of being consolidated for the benefit of all have been redefined to take advantage of them, witness the management of water, energy, agricultural production, industrial desertification in developed countries, etc.

This paradigm has made us lose sight of the fact that health is a common good. The rationalization of costs and the maximization of profits, have led it to become a commodity, witness to this is the decrease in hospital endowments, the scarcity of doctors in isolated areas, an almost total dependence on the active principles of drugs, etc. .

Without being the champion of collapses, it is health, this common good par excellence which reminds the powerful that the people deserve consideration and this beyond neoliberal ideology and the creation of profits.

The current pandemic is shaking up ideologies and reminding us that no one is immune to the attacks of the virus and that the accumulated profits, nor the constant progression of "soft trade" do not constitute a sufficient protective barrier, especially when the vaccine or medical treatment do not exist.

The international shadow theater is crumbling, alliances are evolving and reshaping in a chaotic progression; what will be left at the end of this episode? Certainly changes in behavior and above all, it is to be hoped, greater security for the "commons" among which water and energy constitute the largest share: water because it is directly linked to health, energy because it is directly linked to better security and acceptable maintenance of living conditions.

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## **The trends towards a new regionalization.**

In many countries, whether developed or developing, there is evidence that access to these "two basic principles" of water and energy will need to be empowered. More and more "communities" understand that they must protect themselves against climatic hazards, geopolitical volte faces, epidemics, in fact all the stresses that will inevitably appear in a world where the excesses of the past are now impacting the present and the future.

It is in this context that a new Economic and Strategic Intelligence is developing to analyze the constraints, the stresses, the unexpected threats that will impact the communities. We will have to build local resilience to provide an acceptable response to the "predicament".

Uncontrolled migratory flows, which lead the inhabitants of the countryside, for lack of essentials, to constantly approach large cities, creating insecurity, lack of hygiene, development of poverty and political instability could be no longer considered irreversible.

It therefore becomes urgent, in a policy of defense and improvement of common goods, to try to secure rural populations by providing them with the simplest goods in the long term and in a sustainable manner: drinking water, energy, basic care, decent education conditions and access to controlled information.

## **Direct benefits.**

The creation of a fixed point dispensing elementary common goods, leads to the strengthening of the community and allows the development by meetings, meeting points, of co-produced projects ensuring greater social cohesion. Permanent access to drinking water (primarily for young children) will reduce their mortality and therefore have a direct impact on family life. Access to a simple care system will also contribute to the well-being of residents.

## **Conclusion**

You have to learn to think in terms of global security, that is to say, do not focus only on large projects whose duration of realization is often too long for the populations to feel an immediate effect. It is necessary to provide off grid populations, far from the metropolises, with robust solutions that can be controlled locally.

Today, the world is changing people are becoming aware of their "political" role and are less sensitive to speeches and promises. They are bearing the brunt of the effects of climate change and their impact on housing, agriculture and health in brief on their living conditions.

Providing quick, efficient and robust solutions is a major political issue. It helps to link the territory, strengthen communities and bring the vision and political proposals into a new light, creating a more direct link between decision-makers and the population.

The new Economic Intelligence, developed in France following various past failures, has led to deciphering the foundations of a more just development system, closer to civil society, reconciling political decisions and citizens. Those who will be able to implement these solutions at the level of a territory or a state will have a decisive competitive advantage vis-à-vis their competitors and will also be able to present exemplary ethical governance internationally.